

Soil Testing

ANALYZE BEFORE YOU FERTILIZE

DID YOU KNOW?

You may be wasting time and money by adding unnecessary nutrients to your yard. Do a soil test first and learn what your lawn really needs.

Why Soil Test?

- Many lawns have sufficient nutrients (such as phosphorus) already and do not need these nutrients added through a fertilizer.
- Soil tests supply information about the nutrients in your soil and can tell you when applications are no longer needed
- Soil tests can prevent overfertilizing which can save money and protect area waters by limiting excess nutrients in runoff

For more information, contact your local UW-Extension office

What Are the Numbers on a Fertilizer Bag?

Nitrogen - the first number

Nitrogen is used to stimulate new leafy growth, color and overall health

Phosphate – the middle number

Phosphorus helps develop the root system

Potassium – the last number

Potassium promotes stem growth and overall health





Are you a Smart Shopper?

If you use a lawn care company, be sure to communicate about your lawn's needs. A soil test is the best way to know what your lawn needs and to avoid adding unnecessary nutrients. Discuss the soil test results with your lawn service provider.

Fertilizing After Your Soil Test

- Read your soil test results for fertilizing and maintenance recommendations
- Avoid weed and feed products (supplying excess chemicals)
- Select fertilizers where at least 25%- 50% of the nitrogen is in slow release form
- Be sure to calibrate your spreader correctly (for more information http://learningstore.uwex.edu/pdf/A2306.pdf)
- Avoid applying fertilizer to non-grass areas (sidewalks, driveways)
- Sweep up any excess fertilizer and put back on the lawn or dispose of properly