

Grass Clippings

DID YOU KNOW?

Grass clippings contain phosphorus, the nutrient that turns lakes green with algae. One bushel of fresh grass clippings can contain 0.1 lbs of phosphorus – enough to produce 30 – 50 pounds of algae growth if it finds its way to a lake or river!

WHAT CAN YOU DO?

Leave grass clippings on the lawn

<u>Direct</u> grass clippings away from streets, driveways, sidewalks and other paved areas

Sweep up grass clippings and return them to the lawn

<u>Set</u> the lawn mower at a higher setting (over 2.5 inches) letting shorter blades fall back onto the lawn as natural fertilizer

Sharpen mower blades every 1-3 years

Mow when your lawn needs it, not on a fixed schedule

<u>Mix</u> grass clippings with leaves and soil to make a backyard compost pile





Yuck! – algae as a result from too much phosphorus in the lake

Why?

- Grass clippings are composed of 85% water!
- With grass recycling, use of fertilizers can be reduced by 30-40% or more!
- Lawns mowed higher are more competitive against weeds.
- Lawns mowed higher withstand heat stress better, need less watering, and are more resilient, reducing bare spots and soil erosion.
- Leaving grass clippings in place leaves the equivalent of 1 pound of nitrogen per 1,000 ft - the same amount you would get from 1 fertilizer application